The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1867. NO. 33.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

From the New York Herald.

CONGRESS AND THE PEOPLE.

The very serious and critical aspect of our national affairs is beginning to fill the public mind with sad forebodings. It is doubtful whether in the darkest days of the late civil war the public pulse ever indicated a worse condition of things than it now does. Men ask each other when they meet how the political problem is to be solved, and all confess their inability to supply a satisfactory answer. In the meantime commerce languishes, the revenues diminish, the credit of the government—as expressed in the relations of gold to currency—wanes, and the Southern section of the country, which formerly, through its simple products, added so largely to the wealth of the whole nation, is no longer a source of prosperity, but of expense and trouble; and all because, after having made every sacrifice to put down the rebellion, we were not willing, after it was put down, to sacrifice party prejudices in order to sanctify and make lasting the work which our armies had accomplished.

Every one knows that it is in the interest of party alone that the reconstruction of the South has been delayed and prevented. No matter how men may attempt to explain and defend the action of Congress in the matter, the plain, simple truth forces itself on the mind at the last, that the object of all legislation on the subject has been to render impossible the readmission of the Southern States into the Union. That object has been thus far attained; and from present appearances it would be perfectly safe to say that, should the republican party retain its present ascendancy, the present generation will not see the Southern States restored to the Union on the same footing as the other States. It may be that some or all of them will, in the course of a few years, go through the form of reinstatement, but it will only be a mere sham and delusion—a gross mockery. The right of self-government will have been denied to the men of our own race in those States, and political power will have been handed over to the descendants of Congo savages. That is the only sort of restoration which is contemplated by Congress; and improbable as that may seem, there is an evident intent on the part of Congress to carry out that programme.

But will the people of the United States consent to such a degradation of their great republic? Even if the inhabitants of the Northern States entertained no feeling towards the white men and women and children of the South but that of hate, (which, we thank God, is far from being the case,) would they, on their own account, agree for one moment to the proposition that the former slaves of the cotton and rice plantations should have an equal voice in the national councils with the representatives of New York, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, and Ohio? To that plain issue must it come; to that plain issue it has already come. Congress, through its legislation and through its instruments in the South, has shown its determination that all political power there shall be transferred from the white race to the black; and Congress assumes that in this policy it has the support of the people of the North. Is there good ground for any such assumption?—We do not believe there is. We know that the unpopularity of President Johnson has tended to create the idea that the people approve the destructive policy of Congress; but there is no real foundation for that idea. The people may have thought, and did think, that Congress was sincerely intent on its desire to reconstitute the Union on a basis of perfect equality between all the States, and that Mr. Johnson was unwisely thwarting Congress in the execution of that design. Such a delusion cannot exist today. Congress has shown either that it designs to perpetuate the exclusion of the Southern States, or that if they are to be readmitted it is to be done only after their political status has been thoroughly Africanized. Let the people ask themselves whether they are prepared for either of these alternatives, and if they are not, then let measures be taken, through public meetings, through the ballot and otherwise, to give expression to the public sentiment.—We care not for President Johnson or for Congress, for the democratic party or for the republican party; but we do care for the glory and greatness and prosperity of the American republic, which are being cruelly and ruthlessly sacrificed for petty partisan purposes. Again we appeal to the people to take such steps in the elections for Congress; in public assemblages and in private conferences, as will convince their representatives that Congress must not persist in the policy it has inaugurated, and which is as abhorrent to sound judgment as it is in utter repudiation—according to Mr. Thad Stevens' boast—of the constitution, under which alone Congress has any power to legislate at all.

The following are the instructions, in the the form of a circular, to District Attorneys and Marshals, etc., which have been issued from the Attorney General's office, in accordance with the recent Executive order addressed to heads of departments:

Circular to all District Attorneys and Marshals of the United States, and to all their respective Assistants and Deputies, and to all Persons holding any official relation to the Attorney General's Office.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE,
September 10, 1867.

SIR:—I herewith furnish you with an official copy of the proclamation of the President of the United States, dated the 3d. inst., and in the ninety-second year of American Independence:

This proclamation recites in brief the obligations of loyalty to the Republic, and was intended to admonish you, in common with all persons holding any place of honor, trust or profit, civil or military, at home or abroad, under the United States of America, and all good citizens thereof that the Constitution of their country is in force, and that the Government thereunder, with its several co-ordinate branches, legislative, executive and judicial, is the only lawful Government for this Republic, notwithstanding that many well-meaning citizens have, in consequence of disturbing events that are now happily past, come to look with indulgence upon false and dangerous pretences that the Constitution is not the supreme law of the land, and also the most authentic proof of the will of the people; but that there are powers of the government outside of the Constitution which may lawfully violate that instrument, and the laws made in pursuance of it.

All citizens of the United States owe allegiance to that nationality, as the same is embodied and organized in the Constitution and such amendments thereof as, having become expedient in the progress of the country, have been duly made and ratified. But in a special manner, all persons holding office under the United States are solemnly sworn to support the Constitution, and also, to bear true and faithful allegiance to the same Government thereunder; and for the greater number of such incumbents at this time, it is known that they have been retained, or have been placed, in their respective offices, upon express assurances of zealous loyalty to the Union, which is taken by all men to mean a cheerful obedience to the proper civil authority of the country.—But for the functions of your office, which are directly connected with the enforcement of the laws, a lively sense of their sanctity and authority is anticipated.

You are requested to acknowledge the receipt of this communication.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
JOHN M. BINCKLEY,
Acting Attorney General.

To ——,

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 28 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope Soft Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca. English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits, Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for CASH.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
April 3 —tf Family Grocer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Persons having Agricultural and Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Town Lots and all kinds of real Estate for sale, are respectfully invited to place them in our hands for that purpose, as our facilities for bringing purchasers from Northern States and placing property prominently before the public, through our advertisements, and also through our agencies and correspondents in the North and West, are unsurpassed. WE ARE NOW WAITING for Lists to come in, as numbers are wishing for sale, in order to sell to a party of substantial farmers from the North.

Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged FIVE per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons at a distance wishing to place property in our hands should give us an accurate description of the same. If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from County-seat; whether it is well watered, &c. If MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, coal, gold, silver, &c., always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

REFERENCES.

His Excellency Gov. Worth, of N. C.
Hon. W. A. Graham, Hillsboro.
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte.
Thos. Webb, Esq., Pres. N. C. R. R. Hillsboro.
Hon John A. Gilmer, Greensboro.
Col. Thos. Ruffin, Graham.
Hon. John Letcher, of Virginia.

For terms of sale, entering Lands and all further information, address or apply to

PH. THIEM, Agent,
June 28-274-3m Raleigh, N. C.

AURORA BURNING FLUID.

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Fluid, and in doing so we feel assured that its superiority over any other FLUID OR OIL will give it a favorable acceptance with the public at large. It is NON-EXPLOSIVE. Free from any disagreeable smell.

It will not grease the hands.
It will not soil or grease the clothing.
It produces a soft and beautiful light.
It is not trying to the eyes.
It is the Cheapest BURNING FLUID ever offered.
It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by changing the burner.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the BEST AND MOST RELIABLE BURNING FLUID now in use.

We are prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable article at low rates, and we solicit from the public examination and trial. We are also prepared to furnish LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS and WICKS. Rights to manufacture the oil or to sell in each county, will be sold on reasonable terms on application to

R. W. BEST & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
July 13-289-3m Raleigh, N. C

Southern Clothes' Washer.

MR. F. ELDER, OF CHESTER, S. C., THE Patentee, will be in this City for a few days, in order to give the people an opportunity of testing the merits of his machine.

He invites all who desire to see it, to call at the YARBOROUGH HOUSE, and, if desired, he will send it to their houses, where they can try it and satisfy themselves as to its merits.

County and State Rights for sale.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that we have tested one of F. Elder's Clothes Washers, and find its merits equal to its claims. It is so simple in its construction, and easily operated, that all it requires is to be seen and tried, to recommend itself.

REV. R. C. BRICE, Chester, S. C.
C. S. BROWN, Proprietor Borden House, Salisbury, N. C.
MRS. A. G. STACY, of the Mecklenburg Female College, Charlotte.
J. M. BLAIR, Proprietor of the Yarborough House, Raleigh.

Sept. 6—48-1w*

SITUATION WANTED.

A lady of some experience in teaching desires a situation. She prefers to teach English and Mathematics. Address Rev. W. E. PELL,
Aug 27—4tw Raleigh, N. C.

LIFE INSURANCE.

ASSETS OVER

$16,000,000.

Income Over $6,500,000.

TOTAL LOSSES PAID OVER $6,000,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO ASSURED

OVER $4,000,000.

NUMBER OF POLICIES IN FORCE OVER 48,000.

The Connecticut Mutual Life

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

Was organized in 1846. Its success has not been equalled by any other Company. It is organized upon the purely mutual system; it has no proprietary or Stock Capital; and the pre-eminent satisfaction, therefore, in the contemplation of its vast figures, is, that they denote not the enrichment of a *Corporation* but present and coming blessing to *Thousands of Homes*!

All policies non-forfeitable by their terms

No extra charge made on policy holders, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.

The undersigned will take pleasure in explaining and proving any of his statements.

☞ All persons contemplating Life Insurance are requested, and will find it to their interest, to contrast other Companies, represented in this State, with the Conn. Mutual, as published in the Reports of the Insurance Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts.

SAMUEL D. WAIT,
General Agent for N. C.

Office with P. F. PESCUD, Agent for Raleigh and vicinity.

Aug 14-6-tf

THE NORTH AMERICA

LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either. Our dividend, January 1st. 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 251 per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to

F. H. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington, or SEATON GALES,
July 4-280-e d3m Agent for Raleigh.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE

SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK

ASSETS OVER

$4,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME

$2,500,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS, [NOT STOCK HOLDERS,] THIS YEAR, OVER $600,000.

PURELY MUTUAL.

PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALY AMONG

POLICY HOLDERS,

The Equitable has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the Gen'l Agent.

MAJ. M. P. TAYLOR, Ag't, Wilmington.
DISOWAY & GUION, " Newbern.
OBEEN WILLIAMS, " Tarboro.
BURBANK & GALLAGHER, Agent, Washington.
BRENGLER, KELLOGG & Co. " Greensboro.
E. NEB HUTCHINSON & Co., " Salisbury.

HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.,
Charlotte, N. C.
Aug 6-305-6m Gen'l Agents for N. C

THOMASVILLE (N. C.) SHOES.

We have a small assortment of these popular and excellent SHOES, consisting of

MEN'S KIP BROGANS,
BOY'S BUFF BALMORALS
WOMEN'S GOAT BALMORALS,
LEATHER BOOTS, &c.

It is our purpose to try to introduce these shoes into this market, and our present small stock will be increased from time to time with additional lots fresh from the Manufactory.

Let us encourage and sustain our own Manufactories, and we thus encourage and sustain ourselves. We warrant these shoes to be good leather, and free from paper, scraps and shavings.

Sept. 2—29-tf JENKINS & PERRY.

RAILROADS

GREAT NATIONAL

DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

TO THE WEST.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or *Emigrate* to the *Western* and *South Western* States from this part of *North Carolina*, are informed, that permanent arrangements have been made between the above Rail Roads, by which Passengers can obtain through tickets, at the Office of the *Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road at RALEIGH*, to

St. Louis, Mo.
Cincinati, Ohio.
Chicago, Ill.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Cleveland Ohio.
St. Josephs, Mo.
Cairo, Ill.
Memphis, Tenn.
Louisville, Ky.
Milwaukie, Wis
Detroit, Mich.
Pittsburg, Pa.
Kansas City, Mo.
Columbus, Ohio.

and all Western and South Western Cities.

Passengers *goin West from Raleigh, via the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road, can either take the Route, viz. Portsmouth and Bay Line of Steamers to Baltimore, or the route, via Richmond & Fredericksburg and Potomac Rail Road*, to Washington City, where close connections are made with three Daily Express Trains on the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road for all Western Cities, leaving as follows:

LEAVE BALTIMORE.
Mail Train, 8.45, A. M.
Fast Line, 5.20, P. M.
Express train, 9.45, P. M.

LEAVE WASHINGTON CITY.
Mail Train, 7.45 A. M.
Fast Line, 4.30, P. M.
Express Train, 8.45, P. M.

The advantages of this line over all others in Palace State Room Day and Night Cars, Saving in Time and distance, and so few changes of Cars combine to render this the most pleasant and desirable Route, especially to Families, or Ladies Travelling Alone. There being but ONE Change of Cars between Baltimore, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and but TWO to St. Louis, Cairo, Chicago and the principal Cities West and South.

From *one to two Dollars* will be saved by purchasing *through tickets*, besides a great deal of *annoyance at Points* where *Cars and Baggage* are changed, whereas Passengers, holding *through tickets* will get their *Baggage checked* through, and all transfers of *Passengers* and *Baggage* are made without any additional expense to the Passenger except the cost of through tickets. *Passengers* on *through tickets* can stop at *any point* on the route, as *through tickets are good until used.*

Passengers leaving Raleigh, Saturday morning, will not be detained at Baltimore or Washington on Sunday; they will take the Fast Line for the West in the afternoon.

LARGE PARTIES and FAMILIES, wishing to emigrate to the *Western* and *South Western States*, should address me, several weeks before starting, as a reduction will be made to Parties of ten full Passengers and upwards, if timely notice is given, besides receiving all further information.

For through Tickets, apply to J. M. Frol, Gen. Ticket Agt. or to Ticket Agent Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road, Raleigh, N. C.

LOUIS ZIMMER,
Gen'l. Southern Ag't.,
Balt & Ohio R. R.
JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Transportation,
B. & O. R. R.

L. M. COLE,
Gen'l. Ticket Ag't.
B. & O. R. R.
July 9-285-1y

BOOK STORE.

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE!"

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville St., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE."

conducted by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at "*The North Carolina Book Store, No 1, Fayetteville St.*"

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationery, Music, etc, which he now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellanous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Common Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery*, and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State *for any book or article wanted*, accompanied with the cash, or City references, will be promptly attended to, by addressing.

JAS. H. ENNIS,
Bookseller,
No 1, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.
July 22-294-3m

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY, PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

OATS.

25 Sacks of nicely cleaned OATS, on sale at FARMER'S HALL.

Also, prime FAMILY FLOUR by the sack or barrel.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
September 5—29-1w. Agent.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

I HAVE THIS DAY OPENED A VERY NEAT assortment of

FALL GOODS,

Especially suited to immediate wants to an inspection of which you are respectfully invited. They embrace

A FULL ASSORTMENT

OF

PLANNELS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
SATINETS,

Neat Low-Priced

Plain and Fancy Cassimeres,

For Gents' and Youths' wear. Also

BLEACHED AND BROWN

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,

HICKORY SHIRTINGS,

DENIMS, TICKINGS,

COTTON PLAIDS AND STRIPES;

WITH A

FULL ASSORTMENT OF PRINTS,

In all the best makes, for ONE SHILLING PER YARD, and

LOWER GRADES AT 12½ TO 15 CTS.

IN COMMENCING THE FALL TRADE, I would take occasion to thank the Public generally for the liberal patronage extended this house for the past two years, and in return will assure them the same liberal system of business will be strictly adhered to in the future that has guided our efforts in the past. QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS will still be our guiding star, by the light of which, it is to be hoped, all will find out that

THOMAS SMITH'S,

25 SYCAMORE St., PETERSBURG, VA.,

Is the place to buy DRY GOODS.

Aug 23—14-tf

ENGINE, MILL, &c., FOR SALE.

We have for sale, at our Blast Furnace near Wilson, in Wilson Co., N. C., a splendid

40 HORSE POWER STEAM ENGINE,

with two Cylinder boilers. It is one of the best working Engines we have ever seen and has sufficient capacity to drive a saw and grist mill. The grist mill is now with the Engine and the saw mill will be furnished, if required.

We have also two iron

BLOWING CYLINDERS,

four feet diameter and five feet stroke, in good working order and powerful enough to drive any blast furnace.

We have besides a CUPOLA, LADLES, CRANE and every thing suitable for a foundry. We will either sell all together or separately.

TAPPEY, LUMSDENA CO.
Petersburg, Va.
Aug 30-41-d2wawtw
Charlottle Times copy as above.

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use bi-orally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,	Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot,	Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon,	Mace,
" Citronella,	Nutmegs,
" Cloves,	Angelica Root,
" Geranium,	Orrice "
" Lemon,	Snake "
" Mirbane,	Valerian "
" Nutmegs,	Aniseed "
" Sassafras,	Cardamon Seed,
" Wintergreen,	Coriander "
Allspice,	Fennel "
Cinnamon Bark,	Gum Arabic,
Cloves,	Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell *very low.*

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists.
May 27-247-tf Petersburg, Va.

REMOVAL.

JORDAN & CARR,

SUCCESSORS TO GEO. B. JONES & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DRUGGISTS,

PETERSBURG, VA.

HAVE removed their stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes Brushes, Window Glass, Dye-Stuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., to the new and commodious building, corner of Sycamore and Washington streets, recently fitted up in the best style, and suitably arranged for conducting the

Drug and Apothecary Business

on a large scale, both Wholesale and Retail.

Grateful for past patronage they invite their former patrons and others in the city and country to favor the new with their custom, assuring them that they will be well prepared to serve them.

Their Wholesale Department will be well attended to.

Payments in the country may rely on them for pure articles.

Particular attention will be given to Physicians' Prescriptions, day and night.

WALTER B. JORDAN, } {JOSEPH CARR.
September 5—29-3m.

FOR SALE.

At reduced prices, one B. L. Log Up and Down Cotton Gins and Condensers, (used a part of one season.)

WM. H. COX.
Raleigh, September 5—30-3tw.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1508 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 18-1y

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
Greenbrier County, W. Va.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
Monroe County, W. Va.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, *via* stages.

HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
BATH ALUM SPRINGS,
Bath County, Va.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
Rockbridge County, Va.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route via Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
Montgomery County, Va.

Route via Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
Botetourt County, Va.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-4m*

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. HURD, ... Of New Orleans.
W. F. CORBERLY, Spottswood Hotel, Richmond.

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-286-3m

GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR WILL BEgin on Monday, the 30th. of September, 1867, and continue forty weeks. The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty weeks each, but there will be no vacation till July, 1868.

The Faculty the same as heretofore. Pupils received at any time and charged from date of arrival. Thorough instruction; parental discipline; advantages unsurpassed anywhere; very moderate charges; healthy location; religious privileges of all denominations ample; and every facility for intellectual and moral improvement.

Board and Tuition, per session of twenty weeks, $95, in currency.

For particulars, address the undersigned, or Prof. E. W. ADAMS, Goldsboro, N. C.

REV. S. MILTON FROST,
July 22 296-2aw10t President.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts, and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d. congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

July 22-294-tf

THE SOUTHERN FERTILIZING COMPANY, Richmond, Va., are now receiving and preparing their fall stock of FERTILIZERS, and offer for sale in unlimited quantities CRUSHED PERUVIAN GUANO,

selected from the purest cargoes imported, warranted pure and of the highest standard;

PHOSPHO PERUVIAN and
OLD DOMINION,

prepared under the supervision of Professor WILLIAM GILHAM for the wheat crop, combining a large percentage of the Phosphates, with an adequate amount of Ammonia;

FRESH GROUND PLASTER.

Orders solicited.

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Aug 17-9-3m

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Orders and Consignments solicited.

W. BOYD,
June 24-269-3m Charlotte, N. C.

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CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term. *Payable in Advance.* Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address

WILSON C. N. CAUH, Charlottesville, Va.
JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-292-tf

NOTICE.

The next session of the NORTH CAROLINA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB AND THE BLIND will commence on Monday, the 2nd. day of September, 1867.

Any information in relation to the admission of pupils can be obtained upon application to me, by letter or otherwise.

W. J. PALMER,
Principal.
Aug 15-7-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,

[LATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.]

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

37 Nassau Street,

NEW YORK.

Associated with ROGER A. PRYOR, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend, thoroughly and promptly, to all business committed to his management.

Aug. 24, 1867—15-1y

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Next door to Tucker's new Hall.
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2,000 lbs. Snuff, in papers, bottles and bladders.
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A GOOD MALE TEACHER, to take the general supervision and charge of the Male and Female departments of the HERTFORD ACADEMY.

A man of experience, and a native of the State, with good references, preferred. Apply to

D. P. DAUGHTREY,
Sec'y of the Board of Trustees,
Aug. 31—4w Hertford, N. C.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

STRANGERS VISITING RALEIGH ARE VERY politely invited to call at

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J. W. WATSON.
Raleigh, June 4-253-tf

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE.

Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus County, N. C.

The next Scholastic term of this Institution will commence on the First Monday in August, 1867. The course of study to be pursued is thorough, the government firm and decided; the expenses very low; the health and morality of the community unsurpassed.

EXPENSES, *U. S. Currency*—For Session of 10 months:

Board, $10.00 per month,	$100.00.
Tuition, College Classes,	40.00.
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Room rent, Fuel, Washing, &c., about	20.00.

All indigent young men, maimed in the late war and incapacitated for severe physical exertion, will be charged only *one half* of the above rates of Tuition.

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Prof. Ancient Languages,
Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.
June 14-262-3m

LIME.

An excellent quality of *Lime*, suitable for fertilizing purposes can be had at Salisbury at $14.00 per long Ton, or $12.00 at Catawba Station.

Apply to
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June 26-271-6m Catawba Station, N. C.

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FRESH TURNIP SEED.

(CROP OF 1867.)

Early flat Dutch	Turnip.
" Red Top	Do.
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Large Pomeranian Globe	Do.
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Just received at the Drug Store of
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PURE CIDER VINEGAR!!!

Bought expressly for PICKLING.
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CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Bartin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

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Manufacturing Chemist,
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For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

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AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE ETOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable, and in fact wherever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston B. Jones, one of the most eminent and well known Physicians in the Southern states, testifies to its great value, having many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

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THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, } SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1867.

TO THE CONSTITUTIONAL UNION MEN OF NORTH CAROLINA.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—Impelled by the highest considerations of duty both to the people of this State and the whole South, as well as a loyal and true devotion to the Constitution and the Union, and our firm convictions of sound policy, we have hitherto advised and counselled you not to entangle yourselves by any active alliance with either of the great parties of the Northern States, but to continue to adhere to your own convictions of what is political truth and what is not, to attend closely to your own personal and pecuniary condition, to avoid old parties and partisan issues and political wrangling, to venerate and abide by the Constitution of the United States, and *to keep the laws*,—not for wrath but for conscience' sake. We have further advised, that all of the enfranchised men of the State should, as far as they could do so in conscience and honor, *register* and *vote* according to their best judgment, give such support as they consistently could to the Reconstruction Acts of Congress, so long as they were the law of the land, and promote the reconstruction and harmony of the Union, in every possible way, both by their private and public conduct. We have also called upon the wise and experienced disfranchised men of the State, to give such counsel to the people as would tend to the promotion of those objects. Months of observation and reflection confirm us in the correctness and soundness of these opinions. We have not a jot, to offer you, as a reason for any change of conduct.

Recent events, however, satisfy us that it behooves every watchman upon the towers of the Conservative press of the South, to sound the alarm and to rally every friend of the Constitution and of the American Union, to a more active and energetic co-operation and organization, in rendering what aid we can to the friends of the Constitution and the Union, to save the Republic from utter destruction and anarchy, and from the certain military despotism which must result from the further success of the Radical party now in power.

Every where, it is evident, the American people are fast arraying themselves into two conflicting parties—the one uniting under the old banner of the Republic: "the Constitution, the Union and Liberty, one and indivisible," while the other, the ruling Radical party of the country, still gloats over the obliteration of the Constitution, an inharmonious and divided Union, the sway of military rule over the civil, the centralization of all the powers of government in the hands of the Congress, the utter annihilation of the States, their governments and boundaries, from which must follow the struggles and throes of a once free people against anarchy and military despotism. Thousands of the masses, who act with the Radical party, do not see nor desire these results, yet every man, who seriously ponders the facts daily developing, must see that they are the inevitable results of Radical rule.

What say you, fellow-citizens? Shall we lie still and allow this political Juggernaut to run over us, and crush out forever the spirit of liberty; or shall we, feeling the blood of American freemen still coursing in our veins, arouse ourselves to do what we can, consistently and properly, under our existing laws, to re-assert the powers of the Constitution and the Government, and to maintain intact the Union and the integrity of the Republic?

The time has come, we think, when the National Constitutional Union men of North Carolina can, and ought to, organize, to oppose and successfully overcome, by the ballot-box, the attempt of the Radical party in this State to glut their vengeance upon the true people of the State, by confiscation, further disability and negro supremacy.

The action and temper of the late Radical Convention in this city, warn the people of the necessity of organization and co-operation. That Convention was evidently composed, in the main, of the worst elements of the Radical party in this State. It was chiefly led and controlled by Northern whites, and many ill-tempered colored people, all manipulated, more or less, by the very men who have shown themselves to be the worst enemies of the people of the State.

We are no enemy to any man, woman or child in the State, black or white. We would not injure any man a whit, nor can we favor injustice, or the infliction of punishment, upon any colored or white person, for his political opinions, acts and sins. We are not in favor of a white man's party, or a black man's party, but we insist upon it that the majority of the intelligent, honest people of the State, shall rule the State. We would fix no pains or penalties, or disfranchisements, or confiscations, or any conceivable injury, upon any Radical of the State. We desire harmony, concord, hearty co-operation and good feeling among all the people of the State, white and black, Radical and Conservative, in promoting each other's personal welfare and the recuperation of the State. We are for liberty to all—justice to all, and prosperity for all. But these objects, we are sure, cannot be obtained by the success of the Radical party in North Carolina.

We observe that the Goldsboro' *Star* calls for a Convention in that District, of all the Constitutional Union men, to organize. We observe, further, that the Charlotte *News* endorses that movement, and counsels a general State Convention of all those opposed to the Radical policy. We think these suggestions are now appropriate.—The Constitutional Union men of the State should at once hold meetings in every county in the State, to organize and nominate candidates for the Convention, and to send delegates both to District Conventions and to a general Convention of the State, to be held in this city, on Wednesday, the 16th. of October next.

We hope the Conservative press and people of the State will speak out at once, on this subject. Let the friends of the Constitution and the Union make a grand rally from the seaboard to the mountains, and join in one universal effort to save the Republic.

THE EFFECT OF THE AMNESTY.

The opinion seems to be universal, that the legal effect of President Johnson's proclamation of amnesty enfranchises every man in the government, not included among the unpardoned exceptions. The only point made by the Radicals seems to be, whether the President had the *right* to issue the proclamation just now. The expediency or propriety of the act, they may call in question, but, as to his right to issue it, it is beyond question. The language of the Constitution and the practice of the government are too plain to be misunderstood.

In casting our eyes over the entire State, we cannot think of more than four persons who are not now pardoned. Those are four Major Generals of the late Confederate army. There may be others, but we do not remember them.

The New York *World* thus speaks of the practical effect of the Proclamation, in which it is doubtless correct:

"Practically, the new amnesty proclamation will afford no relief to persons deprived of the elective franchise. The legal operation of an executive pardon is this: if a person is indicted and put on trial for an offence for which he has been pardoned, he can plead and prove the pardon, and thereby obtain a release. If the prosecuting officer is aware of the pardon, he will of course commence no proceedings, since he must know that they must necessarily have this termination. But a board of registration is not governed by the same rules as a Court of Justice. Their office is not judicial, but ministerial; their duty consists in simply following the directions of the law under which they act. If a law contravenes the Constitution, we have never heard that it is the province or function of a Board of Registry to sit in judgment on it and pronounce it null. If the Registry Boards had this power, they might, on good grounds, adjudge the whole Reconstruction law unconstitutional, and declare the very office they exercise, and all their proceedings in it, legal nullities."

COTTON PICKING.—The Petersburg *Index* states that a Halifax, N. C., correspondent says, that in a short time there will be a heavy demand for hands in that region to pick cotton. We are pleased to hear it.—But the *Index* further advises the lounging negro population about that city to go out to Halifax to get work. Beg your pardon, Mr. *Index*. We have quite enough of the same sort at home. Halifax, no doubt, has an abundance. It is hard for white people or negroes, who once get a taste of North Carolina, to get out of the State again.—We do not want any more loungers and idlers than we have already.

THE GREENSBORO' PATRIOT, in a lengthy article, setting forth some facts for the negro to consider, and speaking of the real feeling of the Radicals for the colored people, says:

"We speak thus confidently, because we well know that there are many, very many, notwithstanding all they have had to say in favor of the slave, and against slavery, who are not only willing but anxious to see the entire African race forcibly expelled beyond the limits of the United States. Of this class of distinguished *Philanthropists*, we may mention Rowan Hinton Helper, and his friend Robert Aerial, of Cincinnati, Ohio, who have recently published works to prove by the Bible that the negro is not a human being, but a *beast*, and destitute of a soul, and will ultimately perish as does a beast of the field."

Col. S. T. Carrow, Sheriff, gives notice that all delinquent tax-payers must "pony up" by the 21st., or else he will sell something they would not like to part with.—*Washington Conservative.*

Col. Carrow is a quick man. We learn that, at first, the Secretaries of the late Radical Convention here neglected to enter the Col's name on the list, as a delegate from Beaufort County. On discovering it, he readily informed them that it made no difference to him; if they did not care to recognize him, he could go home! We should not be surprised, if the Colonel does not wish, some of these days, that he had gone home. The people of Beaufort must have altered very much since we knew them, if they would consent to be put down in the same category with the actors or the actions of that Convention.—*Sentinel.*

"Being born, too, in the month of April, certainly it seems to me I must be a natural born fool. (Laughter.)—*Report of Colonel Peck's speech in the Jacobin Convention.*

The Col. Peck here referred to is the same I. A. Peck at present a member of the Board of Registrars for this city. Of the fact of his want of sense we were convinced by his refusal, in his official capacity, to permit lawyers, and others equally entitled, to register, until the point was decided by an authority he dared not resist; but the avowal from his own lips is something we were not prepared for—on the contrary, we imagined that he had quite a high opinion of himself. It is not often, though, that we find the public and an individual agree so nicely in the estimate of himself. Happily, in this instance, the public and Col. Peck fully concur.

A fool—and an April fool, at that!—*Wil. Journal.*

MILITARY DECISIONS.—At Post Headquarters, yesterday, an order from District Headquarters was received, approving the decisions of the Military Court recently in session here, in two cases where parties were arraigned for retailing spirituous liquors without a license, in violation of Paragraph VI, General Orders No. 32. In each case the defendants were found guilty, and sentenced to a fine of $300 each, or be imprisoned for six months. The fines have been paid.—*Wil. Journal.*

GOLD REGION.—Charlotte is described by Geographers as "the centre of the gold region." Mines of untold wealth abound in this section, and a good many capitalists are now developing the wealth of this neighborhood.—*Char. News.*

For the Sentinel.

BINGHAM'S GRAMMARS—LATIN AND ENGLISH.

It is said that one difference between European and American manufactures is, that in Europe the business of manufacturing a certain article is handed down, from father to son, for several generations, until perfection is well nigh reached. There are places for manufacturing watches and mathematical instruments, that take a pride in old dates, and now begin to number their existence by centuries instead of years.—Mercantile houses in England have become *heir looms*, from generation to generation, until not only a wide reputation is gained, but a proficiency that leaves but little room for improvement.

In America, business is comparatively enterprising. New houses spring up, new firms, new schools innumerable,—until almost everything partakes of the nature of speculation.

The name of Bingham is, in the Southern States, at least, a most delightful offsett to this oscillating feature of American enterprise. William Bingham, sr., spent his life in the school. It is useless to tell a Southern community who he was, or what was the character of his teaching. He was an unflinching disciplinarian. He was thorough to a proverb. He was patient and faithful. He was an earnest Christian. In every sense, in principle, profession and practice, no truer man ever lived. His official duties, as an educator, were an embodiment of his whole character. No better proof of this is needed than his success. It is enough to say of any teacher, that he educated J. Johnston Pettigrew. The Southern States, from Maryland to Texas, are interspersed with his pupils. Our own and other Colleges bear universal testimony to the thoroughness of his training.

Of all things, Grammar formed the foundation of all his labors. He began with it, and ended with it. The principles of language, he required all about him to understand and practice.

His son, Col. Wm. Bingham, wears the father's mantle, with a brother associated with him in the business of educating.—Those who knew William Bingham, Sr., well know that he would never have rested satisfied with anything less, in his own children, than a most thorough education, and, of all things else, a thorough mastery of the whole science of Grammar. It is the key to all language. No man knew this better than Mr. Bingham. No man appreciated it more than he. No man had more contempt than he for "Easy Methods" of learning a language. He well knew the dignity, depth, strength and scope of those inflexible principles that underlie all written languages. His life was devoted to the study and instruction of this principle of all science.

When, therefore, his own son and pupil, comes forward before the American public, with a book upon the Grammar of a language, the presumption is that he comes well prepared. No man living in North Carolina is better fitted for making a Grammar than Col. William Bingham.

But presumptive evidence is not sufficient. Col. Bingham's Latin Grammar is a success. All the praise any book ought to have, that book has had.

He now follows with an English Grammar, just published, and now before the teachers of this great country, a competitor among a host. But certainly no English Grammar is more thorough.

It lays hold of the root of the language. It fully develops every principle within the compass of any Grammar.

It is pre-eminently original. In a strict sense, Grammar cannot be said to be original with any living man. But the construction of it into a printed book, can be fully original. Col. Bingham has evidently followed no writer, as a pattern. He was under no necessity of doing this. He was "to the manor born." Grammar is his *vernacular*. He needs no pattern to guide him in presenting the science he was born with.

It is a domestic book. When a general aims to invade a country, the best pioneer he can have is a native of the soil he wants to conquer. He knows the by-ways and bearings, the sunsets and stars better than stangers.

This book is by no means local. It rises above localities. Its a masterly development of the whole range of Grammar, and is, therefore, suited to any locality or climate. It would blush before no class of boys. But there is a mysterious peculiarity in almost everything. It is so with Southern education, and especially so with Southern language. It takes a Southern mind to make an idea clear to a Southern youth. They understand each other's habits of thought. This Grammar needs no translations to make its meaning clear.—Colonel B. has struck the right vein. We had his Latin Grammar before. We have his English Grammar now. We have one more favor to claim, i. e., we need his Greek Grammar. For the sake of the uniformity of having all our Grammars alike, the same style, notation and system, let us have the Greek, and the likelihood is that Grammar writing will be at an end for a long time amongst us.

The writer of this has heard it suggested by a teacher, that he needs a simpler English Grammar than this for beginners. This goes for what it is worth. Grammar is a peculiar study. It needs some maturity in a boy's mind to comprehend the interest of it. A "beginner" cannot be made to know the meaning of the word *subjunctive*. It is beyond his reach.

Nevertheless, thousands think otherwise. Small boys are put to studying grammar.—And for the sake of giving them the benefit of the study in full, it might be a wise act in Col. Bingham, to give us an edition prepared for the *series* of boys. But by all means, give us *one uniform series*.—Bingham's English Grammar, Bingham's Latin Grammar, and Bingham's Greek Grammar.

Q.

SENT OUT TO CAROLINA.—George Henry Johnson, the negro who was arrested and lodged in the jail in this city, the other day, on the charge of the larceny of clothing, watches and money, the property of Daniel George and others, of Pitt county, North Carolina, was, yesterday morning, sent to North Carolina, under charge of officer Richardson, to be tried for his offence. We understand that he admits his guilt. Only one watch was recovered—no account of the remaining property being thus far rendered. *Pet. Index.*

We have just received a present of one of the largest apples in the United States.—It is the father of apples—it is so large that we intend to quarter it up, and eat apple dumplings and apple pies for the next week. It was *raised* on Mr. Alfred Satterthwaite's plantation, twenty miles below here in this county.—*Wash. Conservative.*

WINSTON MALE ACADEMY.—We are pleased to learn that this school is in flourishing and prosperous condition under the management of its excellent Principal, Prof. A. B. Gorrell, who is steadily building it up, and giving it a reputation that will insure its future success under his control.—*Winston Sentinel.*

HEALTH OF WILMINGTON.—It is a source of much gratification that although what is generally acknowledged as the unhealthy season is upon us, the health of the city continues good, and we have but little cause to apprehend more general ill health than is experienced at present.—*Wil. Journal.*

MR. MOORE'S LETTER.

We alluded a day or two ago to the letter of B. F. Moore, Esq., to D. R. Goodloe, Msq., of this City. To gratify our readers who have not seen it, we publish it as follows:

RALEIGH, August 31, 1867.

D. R. GOODLOE, Esq.:

My Dear Sir:—I have received yours of this date, in which you inform me "that a report has been circulated to the effect that you are not in favor of reconstruction under the acts of Congress. I know the statements to be untrue; but in view of your high character as a man, and a lawyer, and of your unflinching devotion to the Union, amid the perils of the rebellion, I deem it a matter of public importance, that you should deny the statement over your own signature."

I am surprised at the report. Were I clear that I was competent to register, I should do so and vote for a Convention. I should do this as the best means allowed to the State to start again towards that position, which North Carolina had, when in 1775 she put the ball in motion for Independence, and held, when in 1789 she became a member of the United States of America.

No citizen of the country, with more sorrow than myself, beheld the attempted degradation of the National Flag at Charleston: No man felt more hurt than myself at the humiliation of that Flag by the mad-men who approached and pulled it down with treasonable hands: No man afterwards, throughout the entire concussion of arms, had less hope of Southern success, less confidence in any blessings which were expected to flow from it, or less claim, in his conscience, for Divine interposition, than I had. The disappearance of the National Flag brought a long and dismal night to me. Throughout every hour of that night I longed to see floating over me again that Flag which Lawrence gloried to die under.

The war closed; and I fondly hoped to see that same Flag again extended over me—I have ever adored it as the great protector of civil liberty. As a mere herald of conquests over other nations, I have no glory in it, unless it shall have been spread for self protection. As an emblem of sovereignty, to suppress rebellions, I glory in it: But as an emblem of military power over the people, loyal and rebel alike, I am taught to regard it as misplaced, and the certain forerunner of a general despotism.

I am too old and too humble to be ambitious of office: I am too independent of soul to be a party hack: I am not fool enough to desire further controversy with our parental Government. I advise every person to register who can, and vote for a Convention.

I advise this as the best thing which can now be done; though, after a study of the Federal Constitution for forty years, I cannot endorse the wisdom or the constitutionality of the mode provided for reconstruction. In its spirit, too, there is a show of passion uncongenial with magnanimity, and a rashness which as often strikes down the loyal as the disloyal, and as often enfranchises the one as the other.

I advise the execution of the proposed means of reconstruction as the declaration of the recognized supreme power of the land. I obeyed that power, when I resisted rebellion. I knelt to that power when I desired again to behold the National Flag unshorn of its glory; and I bow to it now when its supremacy is vindicated under the laws of my country.

Again I say to every person, who may be qualified, register and vote for a Convention. Months ago the press had my views, briefly, in advocacy of my present advice.

I am not insensible to the dangers of a Convention, unlimited in its powers and influenced by the violent animosities, which a bloody civil strife always engenders. It seldom possesses moderation or generosity, no matter which party it may represent.

But in view of the examples around us, and the sedate character of our people, of the many distinguished men, who, following the political tenets of Jefferson, had engaged their lives in teaching the people the doctrine of secession, may we not hope for charity towards those, who have erred through the false teaching? These changes are of such magnitude in apprehension, as to influence many distinguised men to desire a prolongation of military rule, with all its evils and horrors, rather than encounter the dangers of a Convention.

In my opinion, however, we shall be compelled ultimately to pass through the ordeal of a Convention, whatever may be the duration of military rule. And I apprehend less danger from a speedy Convention than from a remote one. Every day the State remains without a voice in the national councils will augment its demoralization and diminish its prosperity.

I am, truly yours,

B. F. MOORE.

For the Sentinel.

"THE UNIVERSITY,"—"ALTER"

Messrs. Editors:—It is very pleasant to discuss a point with a gentleman so fair-minded, so kind and so manly as "Alter." I cordially agree with him in nearly all he says, but dissent from his implied assumption, "that it is necessary for some, on account of their position, to graduate irrespective of scholarship." The University is the proper custodian and exemplar of thorough education, and never ought to have bestowed any diploma without proper qualification. The institution was fully able to have taken this position and to have carried it through, and confessedly not having done so, a very grave error in collegiate polity is admitted. That very fact has operated against raising the standard of scholarship in other Institutions. Some others adopted an absolute rule long since, and have to some extent succeeded in executing it. In 1856, a law was passed by the Trustees of Trinity, that "no student should receive the degree of A. B. without good scholarship in the course of study, and good moral character." In 1857, one was rejected after having gone through the four years' course; in 1858, two or three failed to reach the proper standard, and left early in the year; in 1859, one was placed back into the Junior, and graduated in 1860; in 1860 one was refused the degree for want both of scholarship and good moral character. This rule has not been executed so rigorously as it ought to have been; for I have always noted a tendency to bestow the degree when the student had fulfilled the time. I think most decidedly that such a rule should be enforced, and that diplomas should mean scholarship; and whenever the University leads in this, it will be easy for all the Colleges to adopt it. I agree with "Alter" in saying that faults could be found in the other Institutions. None are what they should be. All are too lax both in discipline and requirement. But it must be admitted, that the University ought to set the example in everything pertaining to College life and culture, and all true friends of the Colleges have a citizen's right to demand that the University shall be a worthy custodian and exemplar of refined, moral and intellectual culture.

A TRUSTEE OF TRINITY.

RAILROAD STOCK.—Twenty shares of W. & M. R. R. stock were sold at auction yesterday, by S. M. West, Auctioneer, at $10 per share of $100 each.—*Wil. Post.*

COTTON GIN HORSE POWERS.

WE BEG LEAVE TO INVITE THE ATTENTION OF COTTON PLANTERS TO OUR

IMPROVED EIGHT-FEET STATIONARY POWER.

FOR

DRIVING COTTON GINS.

It is SIMPLE, STRONG and COMPACT, and can be easily put together. We sold a large number last season and the demand is constantly increasing.

The following letter from Col. Hood, of Surry County, speaks for itself:

* * * * It is with much pleasure that I state, your Gin Horse Power bought last season proved an entire success.

I applied a 13 feet lever and 6 feet band wheel to a 45 saw Gin, and *one pair of ordinary mules* which improved on *constant work*, and with slow gait of team gave sufficiency of speed; a capacity to gin about 4,000 per day.

The wear and tear in ginning 60 bales of cotton is not perceivable—do not think it could be estimated at 2 per cent. It was put up and geared by one of the best machinists in the State, who pronounced it superior to any patent he had seen; also, several gentlemen familiar by long use of gins, have examined it and decided to lay aside their old powers and order this pattern of you.

Yours, most respectfully, WM. H. HOOD.

PRICE, ONLY $65.

EMORY'S COTTON GINS, at Manufacturer's price
ENGINES, SAW MILLS, TOBACCO AND COTTON PRESSES,
PLOWS, &c., on hand and made to order at our
ESTABLISHMENT.

TAPPEY, LUMSDEN & CO.,
PETERSBURG, VA.

Sept. 14—33 1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.

Agents in every County in the State. From $5 to $10 per day guaranteed, or 100 per cent. profit. For full particulars call on or address
W. T. WALKER & CO.,
Anderson's Store, Caswell Co., N. C.
Sept. 14—33 1wd&w*

FOR RENT.

The Cottage next to my residence on Hillsboro' Street. Possession given Oct. 1st.
Sept. 14—33-eod2w ANNA H. SAUNDERS.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE.

The Stock and Fixtures of a Neat and Beautiful Drug Store For Sale!

THE PROPRIETORS, desirous of changing their business, offer for sale their stock of Drugs, Fixtures, &c. The store is beautifully fitted up in the latest style. The establishment has a good run of custom, and any one with a small capital can do well. Rent cheap. The whole can be bought low. Apply to
J. D. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Sept 14—33-1w Washington, N. C.

Price of Cotton Gins Reduced!

THE GEORGIA COTTON GIN AT $4,50 PER SAW.

THE MANUFACTURERS OF THE ABOVE Gins having reduced the price to four and a half dollars per Saw, we are prepared to receive orders for the coming season at this price. This Gin has been favorably known for many years, as the Taylor (Columbus, Georgia) Gin, and now as "THE GEORGIA GIN."—one of the best in the market. MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
Aug. 27—17-1t Newbern, N. C.

FOR SALE.

Extra White CORN for Bread, run through a Wheat Fan, just received from the Western part of the State.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO
Sept. 13, 1867. Wholesale Grocers.

PURYEA'S REFINED MAIZENA, prepared from the best White Corn
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sep. 13, 1867. Wholesale Grocers.

THE VERY BEST CHEWING TOBACCO, Toilet Soaps, Cigars, Spices, Figs, Nuts and best Candy.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sept. 13, 1867. Wholesale Grocers.

NORTH CAROLINA SCUPPERNONG WINE, in bottles, just received.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sept. 13, 1867. Wholesale Grocers.

BOOKS FOR THE YOUNG.

Æsop's Fables,	(sent per mail,)	$1,00
Gulliver's Travels,	" " "	1,00
Robinson Crusoe,	" " "	1,75
The Dog Crusoe,	" " "	1,75
Mechanics' First Book,	" " "	1,75
Text Book of Modern Carpentry,		1,75

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
September 13—4t. Raleigh, N. C.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.

A beautiful assortment just to hand. Prices from 50 cents to $10.00.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
Sept. 13—4t Raleigh, N. C.

NOTE BOOKS.

The Music Teacher (sent per mail,)	$,75
Southern Harmony and Musical Companion,	1 25
Presbyterian Psalmodist (7 shaped notes)	1,50
Jubilee,	1,50
Happy Voices, (for Sabbath Schools)	40
Devotional Hymn and Tune Book, (Baptist,)	1,00

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
Sept. 13—4t Raleigh, N. C.

N. C. BROGANS.

Just received from the Factory, two cases of heavy N. C. BROGANS, warranted *whole Leather and all Leather*, and offered as low as the same quality can be sold any where.

Merchants will please call and see them and encourage Home Work.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
Sept. 13—2w. Agent.

DOTY'S CELEBRATED WASHER IN STORE at reduced price.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
Sept. 13—1w. Agent.

EMPTY SACKS.

A large lot on hand; good Corn Sacks; only used once. Price, 12½ cts. by the 100.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
Sept. 13—1w. Agent.

For the Ætna Life Insurance Company, $7,000,000 00 Assets.

RECEIVED OF WM. H. CROW, (General Agent of North Carolina,) payment in full for the policy of John F. Sanders, dec'd, No. 18,607, for $5,000, and a dividend of 50 per cent. on cost.
WILLIS H. SANDERS,
Attorney for
MRS. SANDERS AND CHILDREN.
Sept. 3—32-2m

DOTY'S WASHING MACHINE,

AND THE

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER.

THE BEST AND ONLY WASHING MACHINE AND WRINGER THAT HAS BEEN FULLY TESTED IN THIS PLACE.

THESE MACHINES have been used for some time, in the family of the Secretary of the State and the Senior Editor of the *Sentinel*, and, I am authorized to state, have given entire satisfaction. These Machines are patented, and persons using any other Machines like them are liable to be prosecuted. Persons wishing to purchase can get one on trial.

Do not be induced, by any kind of representation, to buy a Machine, until you examine these.
Sept. 13—32-tf D. C. MURRAY, Agent.

DRY GOODS.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

FALL GOODS!

"Time and Tide wait for no man."

NOTWITHSTANDING WE ARE NOT YET in our New Store, we are receiving a

SEASONABLE SUPPLY OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

CONSISTING OF

Ladies' Dress Goods, Gents and Boys' Wear, Bleached and Unbleached Domestics, Cambrics, Towellings, Diapering, &c.,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

And ten thousand and one articles unnecessary to advertise.

Our Stock will be complete and kept so during the Fall.

Until we move to our New Building, we shall continue bringing in Fresh Supplies to our present stand.

Remember our motto,

"Quick sales and small profits," and "The best goods at the lowest price."

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, Sep. 3—23-tf.

DRY GOODS.

FALL, 1867.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.

258 *Baltimore Street*,

BALTIMORE,

ASK MERCHANTS visiting Baltimore, to examine their large and elegant stock of BRITISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN DRY GOODS.

Robert Hull, Thos. W. Atkinson, Sam'l Hunter, Wm. J. Hull, S. Harris Hopkins. Orders promptly executed.
HULL, ATKINSON & CO.
September 4—28-2m*

FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATION 1867.

RIBBONS,

Millinery and Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Bonnet, Trimming and Velvet Ribbons, BONNET SILKS, SATINS AND VELVETS, BLONDS, NETTS, CRAPES, RUCHES, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments, STRAW BONNETS & LADIES' HATS, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED, SHAKER HOODS, &c., 237 and 239 BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties. Orders solicited and prompt attention given.
Sept. 2—22-10w

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER.

This Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine

IS OFFERED TO THE Public as a ready, certain and speedy means of preventing LARGE CONFLAGRATIONS.

Until the invention of the

Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine,

Fires have been met by means too slow, too late and too cumbrous. But few persons in this country have the advantage of large hand or Steam Fire Engines, and those few often suffer a total loss of their property by reason of the great length of time consumed in sending for and getting them into working order.

BUT NOT SO WITH THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER,

which, being kept charged and standing in your House, Store or Factory, is always

Ready for Instant Service.

The fire can be extinguished and your property saved without loss or damage, or even an alarm of Fire.

The first few minutes of conflagration decide the fate of the property; "a little fire is quickly put out, which, being suffered, rivers cannot quench."

THE EXTINGUISHER, being very simple in its operation, and entirely self-propelling, requires no previous skill or practice to operate it, and being so light, portable and self-acting, is capable of being used in any place, by any person, male or female.

It puts out all fires, arising from whatever cause.

You are saved from the immense water damage caused by large Engines.

You can effect insurance on your property

At Lower Rates,

if protected by the Extinguisher.

The Extinguisher is no humbug, as thousands of good men in Europe and America will testify. I have already put those little Engines into some of our best Factories and largest Schools in N. C.

No House, Store, Factory, or Corporation is safe without them.

The price is as nothing, compared with the protection they afford.

Send for a Circular,

LEWIS C. HAKES,
General Agent for N. C.,
Lexington, N. C.

Messrs. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. are my Agents for the City of Raleigh.
Sept. 10—30-3m L. C. H.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA ALL STATE RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R.!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great Groupt Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the *ten Thousand* Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are *required so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignees to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co, 90 Light Street Wharf.
C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't.
Aug 6-305-tf Raleigh, N. C.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

TAYLOR, MARTIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, IRON, STEEL, BELTING, PACKING, WAGON MATERIAL, &c.,

CORNER MAIN STREET AND MARKET SQUARE, NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

Sept. 10—30-3m

W. E. BENBURY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA, WITH

W. R. C. LAND,

DEALER IN

LUMBER, LIME, COAL, WOOD, HAY, SHINGLES, LATHS, PLASTER, HAIR, TAR, PITCH AND TURPENTINE,

WIDE WATER ST. AND WOODSIDE'S WHARF, Norfolk, Va.

Sept. 10—30-3m

L. BERKLEY, | W. M. MILLAR, | J. W. GRANDY, Formerly of N. C.

BERKLEY, MILLAR & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

16 WEST MAIN STREET,

NEXT TO EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK, NORFOLK, Va.

Sept. 10—30-3m

WILLIAM LAMB,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, NORFOLK, Va.

FOR the sale of Cotton, Tobacco—Logs, Strips, Smoking and Leaf—Wheat, Flour, Corn, Dried Fruit, and all other country products,

In the Markets of

NORFOLK, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

Also Agents for Norfolk & Liverpool Steamers.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

I have secured the services of Mr. C. E. DUNN, of NORTH CAROLINA, who will call on his friends and acquaintances in Central and Western Carolina, and he will be pleased to give all desired information to those addressing him, care of B. F. WILLIAMSON & CO., Raleigh, N. C.
July 19-294-2m

W. H. CHEEK, | W. E. CAPEHART, | C. CAPEHART, CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.,

GROCERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 35 Commerce Street, NORFOLK, VA.

A supply of Pure PERUVIAN GUANO and other Fertilizers. ROPE, BAGGING, GROCERIES and LIQUORS, kept constantly on hand.
Aug 30-11-6m

COWAND & HARRISS,

General Commission Merchants,

26 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA,

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO SALES OF Cotton, Grain, Lumber, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c., and purchase of Supplies. Will forward Cotton to Europe FREE of forwarding CHARGE.

D. G. COWAND, Washington co., N. C. B. J. HARRISS, Granville, late of Halifax co., N. C.
aug16-3m

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

—AND—

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

Portsmouth, Va.

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.
Aug 13-5-3m

N. C. LAND.

Expected this evening.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers.
Raleigh, September 5—tf.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

FIXED REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A square will be hereafter estimated at 13 *minion* lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1867.

THE MILITARY COMMISSION.—The argument for the Defence was continued, on yesterday, by R. H. Battle, Jr., Esq. Mr. B. spoke nearly two hours, and his argument was clear, able and forcible.

Col. E. G. Haywood then commenced the concluding argument for the Prosecution.—He spoke for some time and will resume this morning, it is said.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Cotton Gin Horse Powers: Tappey, Lumsden & Co., Petersburg, Va.

Drug Store and Fixtures for sale: J. D. Williams & Co., Washington, N. C.

Agents wanted, with a fine chance for making money: W. T. Walker & Co., Caswell.

Builders' Materials, Agricultural Implements, &c: Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern.

Handsome Cottage Residence for rent: Mrs. A. H. Saunders, Raleigh.

THERE IS NOT a ripple on the surface today, from which to gather a local sensational.

The Mayor's Court appears to be out of business.

General quiet prevails, though many of our colored people have turned politicians, and the white people are mainly looking after bread.

Our market is now very fully supplied with good beef, mutton, fowls and sweet potatoes—though money is too scarce for the prices demanded.

It is rumored that the proprietors of the Rail Road eating House are urging Blair, of the Yarborough, to take it in connection with his Hotel. If Mr. Blair consents, the matter will be done up handsomely, and travellers will find it convenient to get a hot breakfast or supper, just before leaving on the trains.

REV. DR. WADSWORTH.—We were pleased to meet, on yesterday, our old friend Rev. Dr. Wadsworth, formerly of this State, but now of Alabama. The many friends of this eminent minister, in this city, will be glad to see him. He will be here on Sabbath, and will doubtless aid Rev. Mr. Hendren, the Presiding Elder, in the exercises of his Quarterly Meeting.

STATE ITEMS.

CHARLOTTE—EXCELSIOR, CITY IMPROVEMENTS, &C.—Charlotte is without doubt the busiest business town in the State.

We note below some of the improvements now going on in the city. When fully completed we will notice the ouildings separately and especially.

It has been remarked with truth, that "Charlotte is a market for everything:" and from its location, with the improvements now going on, and the advantage therefrom accruing, its importance as a mart will be apparent, and extraordinary facilities for trade will successfully invite the patronage of all regious round about.

STENHOUSE & MACAULAY have nearly completed a large two story brick building on the Corner of Trade and Church Streets.

R. M. OATES & Co have in course of erection a large brick building containing two stories, opposite that of Stenhouse & Macaulay's.

HAMMOND & M'LAUGHLIN will build a large House near door to that of Messrs. Oates & Co., in which they will carry on the general grocery business as heretofore.

JAS. H. CARSON, ESQ., has a brick storehouse, nearly arrived at completion on Tryon St., nearly opposite the National Bank. Rumor has it that the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK will soon erect a palatial edifice on Tryon St., on the vacant lot opposite the Mansion House.

H. M. AFHER, ESQ., will probably refit and repair the wooden store next to that of Messrs. Oates & Co., and open a Dry Goods Store.—*Charlotte News.*

CITY HALL.—Some of our monied men should build such a monument to themselves. Our indefatigable friends, the Tuckers, of Raleigh, have done so, and while adding greatly to the appearance of the principal street in that city, have also greatly enlarged their sphere of usefulness and extended their well earned reputation for energy and public spirit.—*Charlotte News.*

THE FRUIT TRADE.—Our streets are now lined with wagons loaded with dried fruit. This is the most active season in the fruit trade, and thousands of dollars worth are sold every day in our town and Salem.—*Winston Sentinel.*

SINGULAR ACCIDENT.—A curious accident occured near Warsaw, a few days ago, to a machine which was threshing wheat. It appears that some straw had wound around the cylinder, in such a manner that its rapid motion caused it to ignite, thereby setting fire to the loose straw, which was scattered around. All efforts to put out the fire were abortive, and the barn was entirely consumed, together with about 300 bushels of corn, 200 bushels of oats, 6 tons of hay, $150 worth of farming implements, and the threshing machine, which cost about $400.—*Newbern Journal of Commerce.*

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

OXFORD, N. C. Sept. 11th. 1867.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Leaving the "City of Oaks," not without a sigh of regret, as familiar scenes and faces were left behind, I found myself comfortably seated in a car of the R. & G. R. R. with a ticket for Henderson in my pocket, looking out at the window, and indulging in the pleasant occupation of day-dreaming, until a voice, *not* "sweet as the music of angels," called me from dream-land to the things around me by the magic words, "ticket, sir," leaving a very undefined impression on my mind of the aptness of Holmes' line,

"Bless me this is pleasant riding on a rail,"

and that I had been riding on the back of an enormous bald eagle, singing "Hail Columbia," while fields, forests, rivers and fields of waving corn passed swiftly below me, and every now and then inhaling from "the plains below" a scent of the irrepressible negro. Verily I had been dreaming!

The corn on the route of the Railroad to Henderson, considering the season, looked very well, being unusually free from grass. Stopped in Henderson but a short time; but from the looks of the place, I should judge that a right brisk trade was going on there.

The country between Henderson and Oxford is hilly and broken, and, where not properly drained, washing into gullies. The soil is adapted to the raising of tobacco, Indian corn, wheat, oats and Irish potatoes. Apples and peaches might be cultivated to advantage, though there are few good orchards in this section.

Oxford, the principal town, and the Court House of Granville County, was founded about the year 1792, from the earliest records in the Clerk's office. It was first incorporated in 1812. The first church was Methodist, and was built in 1800. The Presbyterian was the next and was built in 1830. The Episcopal Church was built about 1832. The Baptist Church was built about 1848.

The population, before the war, was, for twenty years, about one thousand; it will probably reach fifteen hundred now. There is a stream, about two miles from town, and though it already has three grist mills in operation on it, it might be made available as a motive power for more improved machinery.

There are one or two new buildings going up, but just now business is dull and the people are despondent.

All will register who can. There seems to be an impression that the registrars are excluding many from registering, whose exclusion is not warranted by a fair construction of the reconstruction acts.

Some of the new crop of tobacco has been cured and sent to market—Mr. Dennis Tilly, of the South side of Tar River, having sent a part of his crop to Richmond. No return has as yet been made.

Now your correspondent is in a quandary, what to use as a *homme de plume*, whether to take the mysterious and romantic name of "The Flying Dutchman," or the short and classical cognomen of "Rambler;" therefore I will eschew both and say adieu for the present. R. P. H.

REDUCTION OF FREIGHT ON HAY.—We learn from Col. S. L. Fremont, Superintendent of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad, that the price of freight on hay from New York to Rocky Mount and Tarboro, has been reduced from one dollar to sixty-eight cents per hundred weight, by placing it in the fourth class of articles enumerated in the tariff. This will doubtless prove welcome intelligence to farmers and residents of the two places named.—*Wil. Journal.*

HOMICIDE IN DAVIE COUNTY.—We regret to learn that Mr. Samuel Bailey, of Davie county, on Sunday last, shot a negro, inflicting upon him a serious, it not fatal wound. Report says that the negro behaved towards him in such a way as, in a great measure, to justify the act, but we know nothing certain of the particulars.—*Old North State.*

Wouldn't it be well for the colored folks to consider the fact that the wonderful changes in sentiment in Kentucky, Connecticut, California, to say nothing of other Northern States, is simply opposition to negro or mixed suffrage. We advise them to think about it well before they throw themselves into the troublesome sea of political strife. The end is not yet, and the whites will rule this continent.—*Valley Virginian.*

"MARCHING ON."—One of "Uncle Bob's" soldiers in this place, formerly of Petersburg, marched 17,633¼ miles during the war. He thinks he can "make the trip" on foot to Brazil, or any other country, and not make much of a march after all.—*Valley Virginian.*

The English Parliament House clock is of such magnitude that the time required to wind it up is two hours. The dials are twenty-two feet in diameter, and the hour bell weighs fifteen tons.

Some one full of grim humor says:

"Tennessee has a new sulphur spring near Memphis, which can be smelled a mile off. The one at Nashville, in the Gubernatorial mansion, can be smelled all over the State."

The two ladies of Norfolk who were injured by the falling of a seat at Robinson's circus lately, have compromised their cases—Miss Jones receiving $600, and Mrs. Nichols $250.

A Richmond correspondent of the New York *Tribune* asserts that Jefferson Davis will be tried at the November term of the United States Circuit Court in that city.

GREELEY ON BUTLER.—When any villain suggests some slimy mode of cheating the national creditors, let us say, "Get thee behind me, Satan!" and press steadily on.

The Macon *Telegraph* mentions a report that of the 183,000 registered voters in Georgia, the whites have a little over 18,000 majority.

The "Republican" *i. e.*, Shark party of N. C., pledged itself to the "speedy construction of the "Central road West to Ducktown."

A cotemporary asks "where is Ducktown?" The Convention was a mud puddle, filled with political quacks, and should be able to answer.—*Norfolk Virginian.*

DIED:

In the vicinity of Greensboro', on the 10th instant, Mrs. C. COLE, wife of Dr. John L. Cole.

Recently, in Caldwell County, N. C., ELLSWICK SHERWOOD FIELD. The deceased was extensively known as the Superintendent of Tate's factory.

At Graham, Alamance County, N. C., July 26th, 1867, of Apoplexy, Dr MATTHEW M. TROY, in the fiftieth year of his age. Possessed of a kind heart, a candid and upright man, well may his loss be keenly felt by his family and friends. As a Physician, his memory will long be cherished by those who knew him. And in truth it can be said, he died without enemies. W. L. T

NOTICE.

FOR SALE, IN THE TOWN OF THOMASville N C, a new **House** and **Lot**, with good water and six acres of well-timbered land adjoining. All of which will be sold low for cash. For further information, apply to

S. J. HEPLER.

Sept. 11—31-3t* Thomasville, N. C.

FOR RENT.

A desirable RESIDENCE, on Hargett Street, about ten minutes walk from the Capitol Square. A fine well of water, two acres of ground and all necessary out-houses, and in a good neighborhood. Apply to GEO. T. STRONACH,

Sept. 12—32-tf Administrator.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Friday Evening Dispatches.

INAUGURATION OF GOV. STEVENSON—SIMULTANEOUS ELECTIONS FAVORED BY THE CABINET.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13, M.

Gov. Stevenson has been inaugurated Governor of Kentucky. He endorses and will carry out the principles enunciated by the late Gov. Helm.

The entire Cabinet, Gen. Grant included, favor simultaneous elections in the Southern States, on the first Monday in November. It is confidently expected that the District Commanders will concur.

SEVERE REBUKE ADMINISTERED BY GENERAL ORD.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 13, M.

Some time since the officer of the *Eagle* newspaper at Camden, Arkansas, was destroyed by soldiers led on by Maj. Pierce.

Colonel Gilbert, commanding the post, wrote to General Ord, saying that the censorship of the Press directed against the servants of the people may be endured, but Gen. Ord and Neil's forces, who were detailed to enable them to perform their duties, were not servants of the people of Arkansas, but rather their *masters*, and he felt it to be a great piece of impertinence for newspapers in the State to comment on the action of the military under any circumstances whatever

Gen. Ord in reply says:

"Your letter of the 15th ult., in which your attempt to justify an act of a party of soldiers, who forcibly entered a citizen's house and destroyed his property, is received. You will please explain why this act was not prevented by you as the Post Commander; and if the requirement of the 32nd. article of war has been complied with. Your assertion that Gen. Neil's forces are not the servants of the people of Arkansas but rather their masters, is unjust, both to the people and to Gen. Neil, and unfounded in the laws which are for the benefit of the people.

The assumption that a party of soldiers can at their option forcibly destroy a citizen's property, and commit a gross violation of the public peace, would not be tolerated under a Napoleon."

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13, M.

Cotton dull, 25¼.

Turpentine 60½. Rosin quiet, 85@86.

Stocks heavy. Sterling 9¼@10½. Gold 41,-45½. Money 5. 5-20 Coupons 9115. Virginia Sixes, new issue, 50.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 13, M.

Cotton quiet and active, prices unchanged. Uplands 9½. Orleans 9¾.

LONDON, Sept. 13, M.

Consols 94¼. Bonds 72¾.

Saturday Morning Dispatches.

FROM RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, Sept. 13,—P. M.

Gen. Schofield's order for a State election, which was to have been issued to-day, is delayed in view of the Washington telegram relative to simultaneous elections on the first Monday in November.

The Revenue tax collected on Tobacco in this District, during the month of August, is over a half million dollars. The amount of Tobacco was 1,250,000 pounds.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13th., P. M.

The Peace Commissioners held a meeting yesterday at Omaha and expect to start for the North Platte on the 14th. to meet Spotted Tail, who promises to bring his principal men.

Mr. Stanberry attended the Cabinet meeting to-day. Grant was absent. The session was short.

The *Express* says the cholera seems to be on the increase in New York.

Revenue to-day, $203,000.

Ex-Gov. Pickens, of South Carolina, is in the city.

Gold in the Treasury, $99,867,000. Currency, $45,000,000.

THE INDIANS.

OMAHA, Sept. 13,—P. M.

Gen. Sherman has advices from Fort Laramie, stating that the hostile Indians will not meet the Commissioners at the time specified, as they suspect a trap. They will send runners to hear what the Commissioners have to say, and if satisfied, will meet them in November.

THE AMNESTY PROCLAMATION.

WASHINGTON, Sept 13, P. M.

The *Herald's* Washington dispatch says, on the subject of the effects of amnesty, the Cabinet is said to be a unit. In the discussion of the amnesty proclamation, the Cabinet agreed that the legal effect would be to relieve the excluded whites from disability as to the exercise of right of suffrage.

GRAND ROMAN CATHOLIC COUNCIL.

ROME, Sept. 13, P. M.

The Pope has resolved to call together a general council of the Roman Catholic Church dignitaries from all parts of the world. He has named seven Cardinals to arrange the preliminaries for the council.

THE DELEGATE FROM MONTANA.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13,—P. M.

The Dubuque (Iowa) *Herald*, in speaking of the election in Montana, says:

"And in Montana, James M. Cavanaugh is said to have been handsomely elected to Congress.—Old Beast Butler will probably move his expulsion, as Cavanaugh stopped the brute's face at the Charleston Convention, and told him that he was a dirty dog."

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13, P. M.

Cotton heavy, declining. Sales 800 bales, 25@25¼.

Corn, mixed Western $1,18@$1,21.

Mess Pork $24,75.

Turpentine 60½.

Gold $1.44¼.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 13, P. M.

Cotton dull. Good ordinary to low middling 22½

Wheat good supply, market heavy, declined 5 Red $2,40@$2,60.

Corn, White dull $1,20.

Bacon firm. Shoulders 15½. Rib Sides 17½@17¾; clear rib 18¾. Plain hams 18@19. Western Lard 14¼.

WILMINGTON, Sept. 13, P. M.

Spirit Turpentine 54. Rosin firm $3,12½@$6,75

CHARLESTON, Sept. 13 P. M.

Cotton steady. Sales 66 bales. Middlings 23½ Receipts 219 bales.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 13,—P. M.

The sales of Cotton for the week is 60,000 bales. Stock on hand 812,000 bales, whereof 282,000 bales are American. The recent decline is partly owing to the stock, which is larger than for some years.

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

THE RE-BUILDING OF THE BRIDGE OVER Walnut Creek, below the Rock Quarry, will be let out to the lowest bidder, on Saturday, the 21st of September, at 10 o'clock. Specifications made known at the same time.

WM. H. FOOT,
AM ROWLAND, } Commissioners.
R. B. HAYWOOD.

Sept. 11—31-td

LOST SPECTACLES.

A pair of Gold Spectacles were dropped by a lady, on Sabbath evening, returning from the Methodist church. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving them at the Auction Store of JAMES H. TOWLES.

September 5—29-1w.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS FOR 1867.

Old Prices Reached the City and Stopped at

A. CREECH'S,

R. SMITH'S CORNER,

Fayetteville Street.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY FALL AND WINter Stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

And I can say, with safety, that I have one among the largest and most complete stocks that has ever been brought to this City, either before or since the war,—embracing almost any and everything suitable for Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear.

CALICOES, 10, 12½, 15, and 18 cents per yard.

FRENCH MERINOS, 75 cts. to $1,25 per yard.

DELAINES, POPLINS, and a great variety of other Dress Goods, embracing all the new novelties of the season, and will be sold cheap enough to insure sales.

BROWN DOMESTICS, 12½, 15 and 20 cts. per yard.

BLEACHED DOMESTICS, 12½, 15, 20 and 25 cts. per yard, and all other goods in proportion.

Also, the largest and most varied stock of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
SATINETS,
TWEEDS,
AND KENTUCKY JEANS

I ever offered to the trade in this City, both as to price and quality.

Also a very fine assortment of White and Colored FLANNELS,

LADIES' CLOAKS,
BREAKFAST SHAWLS,
SQUARE AND LONG SHAWLS,

which will be sold at prices to suit my customers.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED HATS,—new styles, from 50 cents to $4,00 each.

Boots and Shoes, Boots and Shoes.

The largest and best stock I ever brought to the City, consisting, in part, of J. Miles & Sons' make, and others of equally high standing.

Ladies' Pegged Balmorals, from $1 to $2.

Ladies Sewed Balmorals, from $1,50 to $3,50.

CREECH'S is the place to come to buy your Boots and Shoes.

Hats, Hats, Hats,

From 75 cts. to $4,00. Don't stop until you come to CREECH'S to buy your Hats. In fact, I think I can meet the expectations of all my customers and the public generally, both as to price and quality of ALL Goods.

Now a few words to my customers and friends: You see a great many different styles of advertisements. Some say they are in "luck again;" some say they have "hit the nail on the head;" some "selling out at cost;" some to "make room for a new stock;" some one thing and some another. But allow me to say, whether I am in luck, or whether I hit the nail on the head, or whether I missed the nail entirely, or failed to advertise "selling out at cost," *I have sold out my old stock*, (while *they* are still hammering away over their old stock,) and have been North and bought a new stock. My goods are now in Store, and opened for inspection.

COME AND LOOK AT THEM.

I told my customers, six months ago, that I would sell goods as cheap as Yankee, Jew or Gentile, and I think I have made my word good.

I told the people to come to Creech's to buy their goods, that I would serve them right. Hundreds have come, and they are still coming from this and adjoining Counties. And I here take the privilege to say I think they have shown their good judgment.

Don't forget to come to

A. CREECH'S,

Sept. 12—32-tf Fayetteville Street.

Coming!

COMING!!

COMING!!!

Fall is Coming!

WINTER IS COMING

AND SO ARE

FALL AND

WINTER GOODS!!

Of every Description!

And, what is better than all,

PRICES ARE COMING DOWN!!

At

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

No. 16 Fayetteville St.

Sept. 13—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. P. DILLINGHAM,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant,

CORNER SOUTH FRONT AND MIDDLE STREET,

(*Old stand of W. P. Moore, Esq.*)

NEWBERN, N. C.

Prompt attention given to all orders for Corn, Fish, &c. Consignments of Produce and Manufactures solicited.

REFERENCES:

W. P. Moore, Esq., A. T. Jerkins, Esq., Disoway, Onion & Co., R. H. Rountree. } Newbern.

Sept. 12—32-1m

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES!!!

To-day receiving at my Store,
Southampton Hams,
Balt. Sides and Shoulders,
Refined Lard,
Family Flour,
Prime White Meal,
Sugars, all grades,
Molasses, Syrups,
Teas, Coffees,
Superior Whiskey,—to which your special attention is respectfully invited

They will be sold low, and are warranted.

DOUGLAS BELL.

September 7—tf.

CALL EARLY.

We have just received, on Consignment, a lot of BITTINGS OLD RYE WHISKEY, in 5 and 10 gallon kegs.

Aug. 30—30-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO

BEST DRIED FRUIT,

FOR FAMILY USE.

FAMILIES AND SCHOOLS, DESIRING TO supply themselves with a good article of Dried Fruit for Winter use, can have any kind, or an assortment, carefully selected and packed in sacks, half bbls, or bbls, by applying to the undersigned.

Apples, peeled and unpeeled, Peaches, Pears, Pitted Cherries, and Plums, now on hand and constantly shipping. E. A. VOGLER,

Sept. 11—31-1m Salem, N. C.

FINANCIAL CIRCULAR.

THOS. BRANCH & CO., Richmond, Va. BRANCH, ROSE & CO. Augusta, Ga.

REPORTED BY

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Bankers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Bank of Cape Fear	30½
" Charlotte	25
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	13½
" Fayetteville	50
" Lexington	18
" " at Graham	34
" North Carolina	48
" Roxboro'	5
" Thomasville	55
" Wadesborough	5½
" Washington	12
" Wilmington	33
" Yanceyville	11
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	24
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	27
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	58
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35

We pay corresponding high prices for other Bank notes.

Prices liable to change and pay the best rate the day received.

Packages received by Express and remitted for promptly in Currency or New York funds, free of cost.

July 18-290-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	45
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	23
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	23
" Commerce	14
" Washington	12
" Fayetteville	19
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	30
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	23
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	28
Georgia "	23
Gold	130
Silver	131
Old Coupons	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	48
" Cape Fear	26½
" Charlotte	25½
" Wadesboro	24½
" Wilmington	26
" Roxboro	55
" Thomasville	55
" Lexington at Graham	24
" Lexington	12
" Commerce	14½
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	19½
" Washington	12
" Yanceyville	11
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	27
Miners' and Planters' Bank	24
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	24
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 26-298-3m*

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JENKINS & PERRY, GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

BACON	17@23
" BALT. & WESTERN	17@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@9
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	30@35
COTTON	20@00
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 45@1 50
COFFEE	25@30
EGGS	20@25
FLOUR	10@17
FODDER	1 25
HERRINGS	$6 50@$12
HIDES—Green	10c pr. lb.
" Dry	12½
HAY	75@$1 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 50@1 60
MOLASSES	75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	1 40@1 50
POTATOES—Irish	1 00@1 25
" Sweet	1@1 50
RAGS	4½@5
SALT	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	15@25
TALLOW	10
VINEGAR	50@75

REMARKS.

Very little Cotton being brought to market and dull at above quotations.

Corn scarce and in demand.

Flour steady.

Supply of Bacon equal to demand and prices a shade lower.

Petersburg Markets.

Cotton, 23@24.

Tobacco (Lugs,) $5,50@$31, according to quality.

" Leaf $8,50@$175.

Corn, $1@$1,07.

Bacon—Va., 16@17, hog round. Western Shoulders 15@16; Sides 17½@18.

Flour, $10@$16, according to quality.

Salt, $3 25@$3,50.

Norfolk Markets.

Cotton, 23@27.

Bacon, 16@18¾, hog round.

Corn, 95@$1,05.

Flour, $9@$14,50

Guano, Peruvian, $85.

Wheat, $1,50@$2,40.

Staves, $25@$105, according to quality.

Richmond Markets.

Wheat, $1,75@$2,35.

Corn, $1,05@$1,07.

Tobacco, Lugs, $5@$45.

" Leaf, $7@$30.

Newbern Markets.

Flour, $10@$17.

Pork, (Mess,) $24@$27.

Hams, (N. C.) 16@18c.

Corn $1,15.

Cotton, (Tax unpaid,) 18c.

Turpentine $2,25@$3,50.

[The Wilmington Markets are generally reported by telegraph. The foregoing are all regularly corrected.]

SPECIAL NOTICES

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL,

Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-287-6m

CHOICE WARREN COUNTY AND UP-COUNTRY FLOUR.

10 bbls. Jenkins' best Family and

10 sacks of a very superior up-country Flour, just received and for sale by

Sept 12—32-tf JENKINS & PERRY.

MEDICINE, &C.

THE GREAT

SOUTHERN BLOOD MEDICINE.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT

OF

ROSADALIS,

A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE

(AND THE ONLY ONE EVER DISCOVERED)

FOR

SCROFULA,

IN ITS VARIOUS FORMS,

Such as Consumption, in its early stages, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones, Kidneys, Uterus, Chronic Rheumatism, Eruptions of the Skin, Chronic Sore Eyes, &c.

ALSO

SYPHILIS, in all its forms,

DISEASES OF WOMEN,

LOSS OF APPETITE,
SICK HEADACHE,
LIVER COMPLAINT,
PAIN IN THE BACK,
IMPRUDENCE IN LIFE,
GRAVEL,

GENERAL ILL HEALTH,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE

Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder.

☞ It thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

It is perfectly harmless, never producing the slightest injury.

THE ROSADALIS

Is not a secret Medicine. The articles from which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and recommended by the

MEDICAL FACULTY,

Wherever it has been introduced, as a POSITIVE and

RELIABLE MEDICINE,

FOR DISEASES OF THE

BLOOD, LIVER AND KIDNEYS.

Used and Endorsed by the leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., Chemist,

WILSON, N. C.

FOR SALE BY ALL THE PRINCIPAL DRUGGISTS IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

AND WHOLESALE BY

D. BARNES & CO., 21 Park Row, N. Y.
E. WILLIS, Wilmington, N. C.
CARR, BOYKIN & CO., 44 Light St., Baltimore.
J. H. BAKER, 14 Roanoke Avenue, Norfolk, Va.

Price $1,50 Per Bottle.

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Aug. 30—30-eowtm

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD

AND

NORTH CAROLINA

GRAND TRUNK RAILROAD,

From Charlotte and all Points on the N. Carolina and its Connecting Railroads, to the Seaboard at Newbern and Morehead City.

THE STATE OWNS THREE-FOURTHS OF the North Carolina Railroad and three-fourths of the ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD. This is the

STATE LINE,

To its OWN SEAPORTS and on its OWN ROADS. All other lines are in opposition.

A six per cent dividend on this line will save the people from taxation $295,000 per annum.

Under a resolution of the Stockholders of the N. C. Railroad, all Freights are to go via Goldsboro', unless otherwise specially directed by shippers.

When at Goldsboro', you are only sixty miles from the shipping point, instead of one hundred and sixty via Weldon, and eighty via Wilmington. Our Steamers are equal to any other line, both for Freight and Travel. Time as short as by any other, and as cheap.

THIS is the Line

To ENCOURAGE. You get dispatch, safety, but one handling, and less Railroad transportation than by any other line.

Three-fourths of the PROFITS made on this line go directly into the STATE TREASURY, and if encouraged, you will soon be relieved from heavy taxation at least two hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars.

The Railroads composing the N. C. GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY LINE have recently agreed to unite in a

GREAT THROUGH LINE

Route to all the Northern Markets, on equal terms and charges, via our own ports to and from the North.

Cars run through to all points without breaking bulk.

For information about shipping, apply to Messrs.

WHEDBEE & DICKINSON, Baltimore.
COCHRAN, RUSSELL & CO., Philadelphia.
BAKER BROTHERS, Boston.
MURRAY & FERRIS, Agents for Murray's North Carolina Steamship Line, New York, and to myself:

J. V. JORDAN,
FREIGHT AGENT,
Aug. 31—31-tf Newbern, N. C.

☞ Charlotte News, Old North State, Statesville American, and Greensboro' Patriot publish one month, and send bills to office at Newbern.

Notice to Shippers of Freight.

THE SEABOARD INLAND AIR LINE

Via Portsmouth, Va.,

IS THE ONLY DIRECT LINE BETWEEN Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and the Carolinas.

It is express in point of speed and safety of Freights, being from

FORTY TO SEVENTY HOURS

in advance of all other lines, and at as low rates.

It offers daily communication with Baltimore, daily communication with Philadelphia.

Five Steamers each week to and from New York.

Two Steamers each week to and from Boston.

It is the only line having these advantages, and by which there is but one handling of freight.

Cars are loaded at the wharves in Portsmouth and are run through to destination.

Be careful to direct your Consignors to ship only

From Baltimore, by the Norfolk or Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock.

From Philadelphia, by the Annamessic Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or by Clyde's Line, 14 South Delaware Avenue.

From New York, by the Old Dominion Steamship Line, Pier 37 North River.

From Boston, by the Norfolk Steamship Line, end of Central Wharf.

All losses, damages, or overcharges promptly adjusted on application to

JAS. McCARRICK,
Trace Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

Have your freight marked Via Portsmouth, Va., and in shipping to Philadelphia, marked Via Clyde's Line, or Via Annamessic.

E. G. GRIO,
Aug. 31—31-3m Sup't Transportation.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Cheap Cotton Press.

FARMERS, BEFORE YOU BUY A PRESS OR build a Screw, enquire into the merits of the

GODWIN COTTON PRESS.

Hear what the following reliable gentlemen say:

I have seen Mr. J. H. Godwin's Cotton Press work at Mr. P. E. Smith's plantation, and it does all that he says it does in his advertisement, and more. I think it superior to any other mode of packing Cotton, and saves both time and labor.

W. R. SMITH.

I have used the above mentioned Press, and consider it the best I ever saw for packing Cotton.

THOS. J. VAUGHAN.

I have packed about 100 bales of Cotton with Mr. J. H. Godwin's Cotton Press, and take pleasure in recommending it to the farmers as a great labor-saving machine. It does not cost more than half as much as a Screw, and is worth twice as much.

It is so convenient, and takes fewer hands to do as much work as a Screw. I would pay the price of a Press, rather than allow a man to put up a screw on my place for nothing.

D. EDMONDSON.

I have used the above mentioned Cotton Press, and it does better than a Screw. Takes less hands, does not waste Cotton, and is much cheaper.

J. H. CURRY.

Sup't W. H. Smith's Plantation.

I have packed about 70 bales with Godwin's Cotton Press, and am certain it is the best, cheapest, most compact and durable Press in existence, costing only half, at first, and lasting twice as long as a screw.

PETER E. SMITH.

I have never seen the Cotton Press of Mr. Jno. H. Godwin at work, but have no doubt, from the certificates of the gentlemen above, that it performs all they say of it. I know them to be gentlemen of character and veracity, and that their statements are entitled to credit.

RICHARD H. SMITH.

The last name is one of our most honorable and respectable citizens, well known as a former member of the Legislature. I offer this PRESS as combining more advantages for packing than any now in use; it is adapted to large or small farms, and is so simple and cheap, that any good mechanic can build it. It is well adapted to

WATER-POWER.

It is 10 or 11 feet wide, 8 feet and 3 inches thick; top of frame above ground, 13 feet; highest point of Lever, 18 or 19 feet. The platform on which the bale is turned out, is 10 feet above ground.

Length of box, 10 feet in the clear.

Length of bale 5 feet, by 2 feet 4 inches. Weight 500 or 600 lbs. It is put up flat against the Lint Room, thereby preventing the scattering of the Cotton and need of baskets.

The Press is chiefly built of scantlings.

The Inventor has spared no pains in his experiments to make it practicable, convenient and cheap. I charge

$25 for a Single Right.

The total cost, including cover and everything, is about $150. Much of that, farmers are not in the habit of including at cost.

I think I can sell County rights at about $10 by the hundred.

For further information address

J. H. GODWIN,
Aug. 31—31-tf Scotland Neck, N. C.

"Who May be Baptized?"

REV. T. B. KINGSBURY, an elegant writer and learned divine, is now answering this question in a series of able articles prepared for the "BIBLICAL RECORDER." Send us one dollar, and we will send you the paper for three months. Address BIBLICAL RECORDER,

Raleigh, N. C.

Editors giving the above one insertion in their paper and sending us a copy containing the same, shall receive the RECORDER during the publication of the series of articles.

Sept. 13—33-1tw3t

FRESH BUTTER, SWEET AND IRISH POTatoes, Fruits, Bacon, Lard, Dried Beef, Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Salt, Meal, Vinegar, Smoking and Chewing

THE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1867.

WISHING.

BY ABBY H. GALE.

Of all amusements of the mind,
From logic down to fe-lung,
There is not one that you can find
So very cheap as "wishing!"
A very choice diversion, too
If we but rightly use it,
And not, as we are apt to do,
Pervert it and abuse it.

I wish—a common wish, indeed—
My purse was something fatter,
That I might cheer the child of need,
And not say prize to flattery;
That I might make oppression reel,
As gold can only make it,
And break the tyrant's rod of steel
As gold can only break it.

I wish that sympathy and love,
And every human passion
That has its origin above,
Would come and keep in fashion!
That scorn, and jealousy, and hate,
And every base emotion,
Were buried fifty fathoms deep
Beneath the waves of ocean.

I wish that friends were always true,
And motives always pure;
I wish the good were not so few;
I wish the bad were fewer;
I wish persons would never forget
To heed their pious teaching;
I wish that practicing were not
So different from preaching.

I wish that modest worth might be
Appraised with honest candor,
I wish that innocence were free
From treachery and slander;
I wish that men their vows would mind,
That women ne'er were rovers;
I wish that wives were always kind,
And husbands always lovers.

I wish, in one, that far and nigh,
And every good ideal,
May come, ere while, throughout the earth
To be the glorious real;
Till God shall every creature bless
With his supremest blessing,
And hope be lost in happiness,
And wishing be possession.

MEETING HOTEL EXPENSES.

"Air you the keeper of this here tavern?" inquired a tall, lanky individual, belonging to the —— regiment, North Carolina State troops, and then in the Confederate States service.

'I am the proprietor of this hotel,' replied the bustling little hotel keeper of an establishment between this city and Richmond. 'What can I do for you?'

'What you ax for a bed?' asked the soldier.

'Seven dollars, sir,' responded the gentleman addressed.

'Only seven dollars, yer say. Well, that is cheap; dog gone of it ain't. Here's a Confederate five and there's a two; it's all right, ain't it, mister?'

'Certainly, sir,' replied Boniface, 'it is perfectly correct.'

'You hearn him, didn't you Jeems?' said the military gentleman, addressing one of his companions.

'I hearn him,' was the response.

'And you hearn him, too, didn't yar Ike?' inquired he of another.

'In course I did,' was the reply, 'I 'spect its between you.'

'That's a blessin', say how,' said the soldier. 'And now, mister, if you'd only travel as far as I hev, you would want to sleep mighty sudden.'

'Certainly, sir, all right,' exclaimed the landlord, as he proceed to direct a servant to show the gentleman his apartment.

The soldier evidently slept soundly; but very early in the morning he might have been seen descending the stairs with the mattress upon which he had slept, carefully tied up and slung over his shoulder. He had not proceeded far, however, before he was met by the astonished landlord, who indignantly demanded to know what he was going to do with that bed.

'Gwine to take it out for the regiment,' coolly remarked the soldier.

'You are, are you?' roared the exasperated landlord; 'how dare you carry off my property in that manner?'

'Your property! Well, I like that.—Didn't I give you seven dollars for this here bed only last night, and didn't two of our fellows bear the trade? Your property, eh?'

'The seven dollars you paid me was for your lodging,' said the proprietor, growing somewhat irate as he spoke.

'Nary lodgin', ef I know it,' responded the soldier. 'I axed you what you axed for a bed, and paid you yer own price, and accordin' to the natur of a trade the bed's mine.'

'Well, sir,' interrupted the angry host, 'and what do you ask for your bed? I want it.'

'Now yer talkin', replied North Carolina, as he dumped the bed upon the floor and carelessly threw himself upon it. 'I want to be reasonable, and being its you, I'll let you have the bed for fifteen dollars.'

'Fifteen dollars!' gasped the landlord.

'Jest so,' quietly remarked the soldier, 'if a man don't make one hundred per cent., durn me ef he can pay hotel expenses.'

The landlord paid the money, and probably avoided speculating in future with any of the North Carolina troops.—*Meetg. Adv.*

FOR SALE.

A most desirable Residence in the Western part of the City, adjoining the Presbyterian Parsonage. The House is new, contains four rooms and a large basement and cellar; with water and all modern improvements.

ALSO,

Fifty Acres of land, two miles west of the City on the line of the N. C. R. R., will be sold in two separate lots, if required. Terms easy. For particulars apply to

W. T. ADAMS.

Raleigh, Sep. 6—1m.

NOTICE.

Railroad Hotel Property at Raleigh for Rent.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the Office of the Raleigh & Gaston R. R. until the 16th inst., for the rent of of the Hotel Department, attached to the Joint Passenger Depot, at Raleigh.

The property will be rented to July 1st, 1868, and the successful bidder will be required to keep a first-class Table.

The privilege of rejecting any or all proposals is reserved.

JAS. ANDERSON,
Sup't N. C. R. R.
A. B. ANDREWS,
Sup't R. & G. R. R.

Sept. 9—23-4d

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Farmers, Try It.

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Boxes containing four dozen each, will be sent by Express, on receipt of order with the money, at $8.50 per dozen, or $4.50 for one dozen. Merchants, send your orders soon.

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CORN!

FIFTEEN HUNDRED BUSHELS
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Prime White Corn, Wholesale and Retail, at lowest market price, by

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RECONSTRUCTION.—SUPPLEMENTAL BILL NO. 2.

PASSED AT THE JULY SESSION.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That it is hereby declared to have been the true intent and meaning of the act of the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled *an act* for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and of the act supplementary thereto, passed on the 24th day of March, in the year 1867, that the governments then existing in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas were illegal and void, and thereafter the same governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective Districts and to the authority of Congress.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the commander of any district named in said act shall have power, subject to the approval of the General of the armies of the United States, to have effect till disapproved, whenever in the opinion of such commander the proper administration of said act shall require it, to suspend or remove from office, or from the performance of official duties and the exercise of official powers, any officer or person holding or exercising, or professing to hold or exercise, any civil or military office or duty in such district, under any power, election, appointment, or authority derived from or granted by, or claimed under any so-called State or the government thereof, or any municipal or other division thereof, and upon such suspension or removal such commander, subject to the approval of the General aforesaid, shall have the power to provide from time to time for the performance of the said duties of such officer or person so suspended or removed, by the detail of some competent officer or soldier of the army, or by the appointment of some other person to perform the same, and to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation or otherwise.

SECTION 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the General of the armies of the United States shall be invested with all the powers of suspension, removal, appointment and detail granted in the preceding section to district commanders.

SECTION 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the acts of the officers of the army already done in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers and appointing others in their stead are hereby confirmed; provided that any person heretofore or hereafter appointed by any district commander to exercise the functions of any civil office may be removed, either by the military officer in command of the district or by the General of the army; and it shall be the duty of commanders to remove from office, as aforesaid, all persons who are disloyal to the government of the United States, or who use their official influence in any manner to hinder, delay, prevent or obstruct the due and proper administration of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary.

SECTION 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the boards of registration provided for in the act entitled "an act supplementary to an act entitled 'an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States,' passed March 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registration of any person, to ascertain upon such facts or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under said act, and the oath required by said act shall not be conclusive on such question, and no person shall be registered unless such board shall decide that he is entitled thereto; and such board shall also have power to examine under oath (to be administered by any member of such board) any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration. But in every case of a refusal by the board to register an applicant, made in every case hereinafter provided, the board shall make a note or memorandum, which shall be returned with the registration list to the commanding General of the Districts, setting forth the ground of such refusal, or such striking from the list: *Provided*, that no person shall be disqualified, as a member of any board of registration, by reason of race or color.

SECTION 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act is (among other things) that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and whether he was holding such office at the commencement of the rebellion or had held it before, and who has afterward engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial office in any State" in said oath mentioned shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the general law of the State, or for the administration of justice.

SECTION 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the time for completing the original registration provided for in said act may, in the discretion of the commander of any district, be extended to the 1st day of October, 1867; and the boards of registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, commencing fourteen days prior to any election under said act, and upon reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of three days the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list. And such board shall also during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act, who have not been already registered, and no person shall at any time be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disqualify him from registration or voting.

SECTION 8. *And be it further enacted*, That section 4 of the said last-named act shall be construed to authorize the commanding general named therein, whenever he shall deem it needful, to remove any member of a board of registration, and to appoint another person in his stead, and to fill any vacancy in such board.

SECTION 9. That all members of said Boards of Registration and all persons hereafter elected or appointed to office in said military districts, under any so-called State or municipal authority or by detail or appointment of the District Commanders, shall be required to take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

SECTION 10. That no District Commander or member of the Board of registration or any of the officers or appointees acting under them shall be bound in his action by any opinion of any civil officer of the United States.

SECTION 11. That all the provisions of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be construed liberally, to the end that all the intents thereof may be fully and perfectly carried out.

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test-Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established; Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for members of Congress; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate pro tem.

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—FACULTY.

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WM. C. NICHOLS, M. D., C. J. BICKHAM, M. D.

The Thirtieth Annual Course of Instruction in this Institution will begin November 11th, and end in the following March. Preliminary lectures will be given daily in the Charity Hospital, commencing October 15th, at which time also the new and extensive rooms for Practical Anatomy will be opened. The facilities of the school, heretofore unsurpassed, have, by the liberality of the State Legislature, been greatly increased during the past season, so that now EVERY CHAIR HAS ATTACHED TO IT A PRACTICAL DEPARTMENT, in which students are taught to observe for themselves the facts set forth in the Lecture Room.

Fees for all the Lectures, $140; Matriculation, (paid but once) $5; Practical Anatomy, $10. Payment required in advance.

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PROF. S. M. BEMISS,
Sept. 2—22 2m Acting Dean.

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July 26-227-tf

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restorations.

Be it enacted, &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do: So help me God."

which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

SEC. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the lower numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

SEC. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

SEC. 5. That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least a majority of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

SEC. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

SEC. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

SEC. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

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CHARLOTTE, N. C.

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THE next Session commences on the 1st. day of October and continues until 30th. June, 1868.

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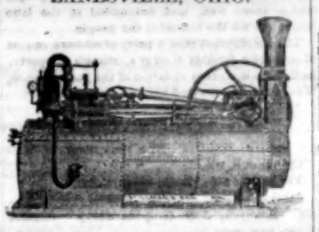

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WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF
BUGGY MATERIALS.

RIMS, Hubs, Spokes, Shafts, Dash Leather, Enameled Muslin, Drilling, Canvass Duck, Meloskin, Oil Carpeting, with a general assortment of other materials.

ALSO,
Cut Nails and Finishing Brads.

J. BROWN.
Aug 12-313-tf With HART & LEWIS.

PRIME WHITE MEAL.

I am prepared to furnish any quantity of Choice Meal at short notice, and have constantly on hand FIFTY BUSHELS, at lowest market price.

DOUGLAS BELL.
Aug 5-308-tf

BALTIMORE ADVERTISEMENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,
Baltimore,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
Steam Engines and Boilers,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL. SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' RUBR REGULATOR.

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and gers.
mar 29-198-6m.

W. J. HAWKINS, J. J. THOMAS,
B. P. WILLIAMSON, C. M. HAWKINS.
HAWKINS, WILLIAMSON & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c.
No. 44 South Street,
NEAR EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

WE BEG TO REFER BY PERMISSION TO
George W. Mordecai, Esq., *Raleigh N. C.*
Kemp P. Battle, Esq., " "
Phillips & Battle, Attorneys, " "
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, *Warren,* " "
Col. C. B. Mallet, *Pres. Fayetteville & W. R. R.*
Samuel H. Cannady, Esq., *Fayetteville, N. C.*
J. W. Lee, Esq., *Johnson Co., N. C.*
Dr. R. K. Smith, *Chatham, N. C.*
Aug 19-10-3m

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety,
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,
AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE
JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.

From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG,
Charlotte, May 30-250-4m President.

J. H. CRAWFORD,
Mechanical and Operative Dentist.
RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:
From 6 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.
my 4-228-eodly

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission
MERCHANTS,
No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership, under the name of H. H. COWAN & CO., for the purpose of carrying on a General Commission, Shipping and Supply Business in the City of Wilmington, N. C.

Their office, *for the present*, is on the Corner of Chesnut and Water Streets, *up stairs*, where they will be happy to hear from and serve their friends.

By the 1st. of October next, they will be fully prepared to furnish supplies of all kinds.

ROBT. H COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAMES H. HILL.
Aug 1-302-tf Wilmington, N. C.

MRS. RANSOM'S
FEMALE SEMINARY,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the 7th. of October, 1867.

The ablest teachers in every branch alone will be employed.

The most accomplished and experienced Professors of Music and of Ancient and Modern Languages have been secured.

French will be habitually spoken in the Seminary.

For particulars, apply to
Mrs. ROBERT RANSOM,
Aug 9-310-2m Principal.

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—24-tf R. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

DRY GOODS.

CLEAN SWEEP!
SELLING ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING
AT COST,
FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!

From this time forth I will sell my entire Stock of Goods at Cost to make room for my Winter Stock, consisting in part of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS
PRINTS, WHITE GOODS,
IRISH LINEN, TOWELING,
LINEN CAMBRIC H'DK'FS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
BLEACHED SHIRTING,
UNBLEACHED SHIRTING,
RED TICKING,
10-4 SHEETING,
STRIPED DOMESTIC,
LINEN DUCK,
COTTONADES,
HATS, &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A large Stock of the most celebrated manufacture of Gents' and Ladies' Boots and Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

Now is the time for you to lay in your supply of Goods, for they are advancing North. I am selling at cost. Come one and all and examine my stock and prices. Do not be induced to buy goods elsewhere until you give me a call. When I say I am selling at Cost I mean just what I say; it is not for the purpose of humbugging you.

Merchants in the City whose stocks need replenishing would do well to call soon and make their purchases.

GEO. T. COOKE.
Aug 8-309-tf

ST. CLEMENT'S HALL.

A FIRST CLASS SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
ELLICOTTS MILLS, MD.,
(NEAR BALTIMORE.)

THIS SCHOOL WAS ESTABLISHED FOR the purpose of enabling SOUTHERN Boys, at a comparatively moderate cost, to enjoy all the advantages that are afforded in the best and most expensive Northern Schools.

It has been, already, eminently successful. The Hall is a large and beautiful edifice. The Household is under the immediate charge of the Rector and his wife. The pupils are all received as members of the family; strict attention is given to their health, personal habits and to the cultivation of courteous manners, while every care is taken to unite the comforts of a home, with the strict discipline of a School. In these respects, this Institution claims to have no superior in the country.

The Teachers are all gentlemen of fine classical attainments, and the instruction is of the most thorough kind.

Circulars, containing full particulars, with references and list of pupils, will be sent to any address.

REV. J. AVERY SHEPHERD, A. M., Rector.

REFER to Bishop Atkinson, and the Clergy of N. C.; Bishop Quintard, of Tennessee; Bishop Wilmer, of Ala; Bishop Wilmer, of La; Gen'l Jos. E. Johnston; Gen'l Wade Hampton, S. C.
July 20-